



PHILATELIC EXHIBITION
ALPE – JADRAN FILA 2018
VARAŽDIN
18-21 OCTOBER 2018



STAMP
EXHIBITION



BULLETIN

CROATIAN FEDERATION OF PHILATELISTS
PHILATELIC EXHIBITION
ALPE-JADRAN FILA 2018
Venue: Croatian Natinal Theatre Varaždin
Concert Hall



Exhibition Classes

A Non-Competitive Class
(about first stamps only)

B Competitive Classes

- B 1 Traditional Philately
- B 2 Postal History
- B 3 Aero and Astrophilately
- B 4 Postal Stationery
- B 5 Thematic Philately
- B 6 Maximaphily
- B 7 Revenues
- B 8 Youth class
- B9 Modern Philately
- B10 Postcards



Exhibits in all Competitive Classes can be also OneFrame or of Open-Philately type.

PHILATELY IN VARAŽDIN

The first written record of the Philatelic Society of Varaždin exists in 1920, where it is stated that on Wednesday night at 6 pm, the wealthy students gathered in the "Novak" café. The first official record of the company is visible from the document that the Kingdom of Yugoslavia, the Banovina Savska Banska Board, accepts the rules for the work of the philately society on 30 April 1934.

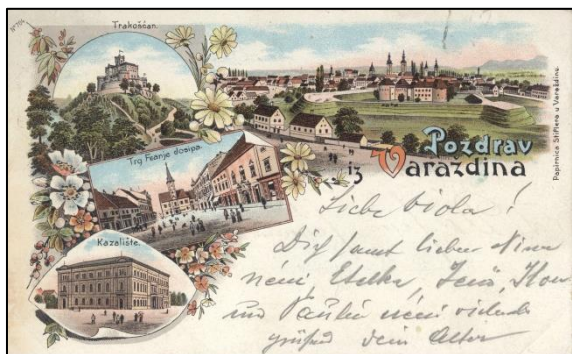


The first exhibition of the club was held on 17 January 1937 in the area of the National Theater of Varaždin. It is interesting that the exhibition lasted only one day. Already in the morning more than 500 visitors were recorded. The ticket price for the elderly was three dinars, and for the younger only the dinar.



The second Club's exhibition was held in 1940.

VARAŽDIN – BAROQUE CAPITAL OF CROATIA



The City of Varaždin is located in the North of Croatia on the southern bank of the River Drava. The City is at an altitude between 169 and 173 meters. Varaždin is located at 16° 20'16" east longitude, and 46° 18'30" north latitude. The average annual temperature is 10° C, and the average humidity is 78%. The city lies along the Drava River on a fertile alluvial plain

that slopes towards the River Drava from the southwest to the northeast. The plain slightly elevates in Haloze and Varaždin – Toplice Hills. This creates a region defined by natural borders located at the crossroads of Styria, Međimurje, Zagorje and upper Drava Valley.

Varaždin has approximately 50,000 inhabitants, and is the cultural, educational, economic, sporting and tourist center of Northwestern Croatia. It holds 11 'Green Flowers', the national awards for the most ordered city of Croatia.

- Lonely Planet - Varaždin holds first place on the list of recommended sites worth visiting in Croatia,
- Holder of the 'Superbrand Destination' title,
- Ten times awarded the title of the best arranged and maintained destination in inland Croatia
- Six years running the best tourist destination in inland Croatia
- Forbes 2010 - Varaždin the most desirable and pleasant to reside and work in inland Croatia
- Varaždin - a bicycle friendly city (Bike and Bed)
- Silver Flower of Europe Award 2011

Varaždin is a City which lives several different lives. It speaks of the glamour of the past, celebrates the beauty of countless aspects of art and bears witness to its own dynamic everyday life. It is the place of comfortable rest but also of vigorous experiences of life's joys. In short, Varaždin



is continuously discovering itself, which serves as the best invitation to the City where one passes from one century to another in just a few steps.

Varaždin Tourist Bord, info@tourism-varazdin.hr - www.tourism-varazdin.hr

VARAŽDIN – BRIEF HISTORY

The first written reference to Varaždin, whose historical name is Garestin, was on 20 August 1181, when King Béla III mentioned the nearby thermal springs (Varaždinske Toplice) in a legal document.



Varaždin was declared a free royal borough in 1209 by the Hungarian King Andrew II. The town became the economic and military centre of northern Croatia. Due to Ottoman raids, the town was structured defensively around the old fortress, and acquired the shape of a typical medieval Wasserburg. In the early 13th century, the Knights Hospitaller (Croatian: *Ivanovci*) came to Varaždin, where they built the church and a monastery.

At the end of the 14th century, Varaždin fortress passed to the hands of the Counts of Celje. Over the following centuries Varaždin had several owners, the most influential being Beatrice Frankopan, Margrave Georg of Brandenburg, who built the town hall; the last was Baron Ivan Ungrad, who reinforced the existing fortification. At the end of the 16th century Count Thomas Erdödy became its owner, assuming the hereditary position of Varaždin prefects (*župan*), and the fortress remained in the ownership of the Erdödy family until 1925.

In 1756, the Ban Francis Nadásdy chose Varaždin as his official residence, and Varaždin became the capital of all of Croatia. It hosted the Croatian Sabor and the Royal Croatian Council founded by Empress Maria Theresa.



The periods of the Reformation and the counter-reformation had a great influence on Varaždin. With the arrival of the Jesuits, the school (gymnasium) and the Jesuit house were founded, and churches and other buildings were built in the Baroque style. In the 18th century Varaždin was the seat of many Croatian noblemen, and in 1756 it became the Croatian administrative centre. The fire of 1776 destroyed most of the town, resulting in the administrative institutions moving back to Zagreb.

Varaždin was the seat of the Varaždin County of the Kingdom of Croatia-Slavonia within the Austro-Hungarian monarchy, ruled by the Kingdom of Hungary after the compromise of 1867. The Hungarian stamp, issued in 1881 shows both names.

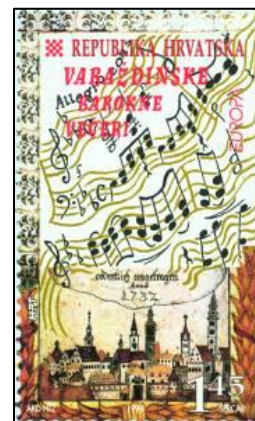


By the 19th century Varaždin had been completely rebuilt and expanded, with flourishing crafts and trade, and later the manufacture of silk and bricks. The theatre, music school, and fire department were founded.

In the 20th century Varaždin developed into the industrial centre of Northwestern Croatia. The textile manufacturer *Tivar* was founded in 1918. In the Croatian War of Independence, 1991, Varaždin suffered directly for only for a few days, because the huge Yugoslav People's Army base quickly surrendered, resulting in a minimal number of casualties, and providing weapons (worth \$600m) for the Croatian army.

EVENTS IN VARAŽDIN

- The New Year Race (31 st December)
- The Grand Ball of Varaždin (first Friday in February)
- Varaždin under the Stars (June)
- Blues festival (June),
- Day of Croatian Performance (June), <http://www.gcv.hr/>
- Festival of Contemporary Dance (June)
- Summer in Varaždin (July to August),
- **Špancifest** (August), www.spancifest.hr
- The Trash Film Festival (September),
- **Varaždin Baroque Evenings** (September),
- International Fair of Hunting, Fishing, Nature and Tourism (October)
- Kerameikon & prijatelji International Ceramics Exhibition
- Advent (December)
- International business fairs and other events www.tourism-varazdin.hr



CULTURAL AND NATURAL SITES

The Protected Baroque urban complex is rich in monumental and artistic heritage: 51 monumental heritage structures, palaces, villas, a 500-year old City Hall, the oldest Music School in Croatia, the theatre, the cathedral, churches and monasteries with rich collections, cimeri (shop signs), legends; the famous Varaždin cemetery, parks, promenades and the protected park-forest along the River Drava.

VARAŽDIN CITY MUSEUM (www.gmv.hr)

Department of History and Culture - the Old Town,
Gallery of Old and Contemporary Masters - the Sermage Palace,
Entomology Collection the World of Insects - the Herzer Palace

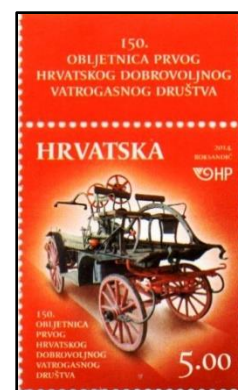
THE VARAŽDIN GALLERY CENTRE (www.gcv.hr)

The Stančić Gallery,

THE ZLATI AJNGEL GALLERY (www.ajngel.hr)

THE MUSEUM OF ANGELS (www.angelsmuseum.com)

THE MUSEUM OF FIREFIGHTING, (www.vzvz.hr)



Did you remember words in operetta Gräfin Mariza (Countess Marica) by Emmerich Kàlmàn - Komm mit nach Varazdin :

*Komm mit nach Varazdin, so lange noch die Rosen blüh'n,
Dort ist die ganze Welt noch rot , weiss ,grün*

So it is good time to come in VARAŽDIN and see the philatelic exhibition ALPE-JADRAN FILA 2018 Varaždin!

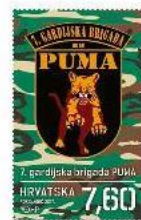


HRVATSKI DOMOVINSKI RAT 7. GARDIJSKA BRIGADA „PUMA“

Novom prigodnom poštanskom markom Hrvatska pošta obilježila je dvadeset i pet godina od osnutka slavne 7. gardijske motorizirane brigade „Puma“. Sjedište brigade bilo je u Varaždinu, a od osnutka je kroz brigadu prošlo oko 4550 branitelja, dragovoljaca iz gotovo svih krajeva Republike Hrvatske, sudjelujući u najtežim i najzahtjevnijim operacijama u Domovinskom ratu.

Motiv na marki je amblem 7. gardijske brigade „Puma“.

Prigodnu marku možete kupiti u poštanskim uredima ili u internetskoj trgovini Hrvatske pošte: www.epostshop.hr.



ACCOMMODATION

HOTEL TURIST***

www.hotel-turist.hr

109 rooms/suites, 174 beds

HOTEL VARAŽDIN***

www.hotelvarazdin.com

27 Rooms; 53 beds

HOTEL ISTRA****

www.istra-hotel.hr

11 rooms; 21 beds

PARK boutique hotel

19 rooms; 38 beds.



Road access

Varaždin is connected with A4 highway that runs between Zagreb (south) and Čakovec / Hungarian border (just north). Varaždin and Zagreb are also connected with the southern part of the state road D3 which serves as an alternative to tolled highway. Varaždin is also directly connected to Slovenian border (north-east) and to Podravina / Slavonia counties (west) with the state road D2, to Krapina-Zagorje County (east) with the state roads D35 and D24 (road that connects to D3 in Novi Marof, just south from Varaždin) and to Međimurje County (just north) with the northern part of the state road D3

Airports:

Zagreb (85 km), Maribor (74 km), Graz (140 km).

Croatian philatelic items tribute to Alpe-Adria Exhibitions



Organizer:

CROATIAN FEDERATION OF PHILATELIST

www.hsf.hr e-mail: info@hsf.hr



HRVATSKI SPORT 50. ZLATNA PIRUETA ZAGREBA

Novom prigodnom poštanskom markom Hrvatska pošta obilježila je pedeset godina od organiziranja prvog međunarodnog klizačkog prvenstva grada Zagreba – Zlatne piruete. Motiv na marki je crtež klizačice, a marka je izdana u „sportskom“ arčiću od 9 maraka s jednim privjeskom.

Prigodnu marku možete kupiti u poštanskim uredima ili u internetskoj trgovini Hrvatske pošte: www.epostshop.hr.

